· REMARKS

Claims 1-7, 10-22, and 25-33 are pending in the present application. Claims 10-14, 25-28, and 31 are amended. Claims 8, 9, 23, and 24 are canceled. Claims 32 and 33 are added. Reconsideration of the claims is respectfully requested.

This communication is a Response to Office Action with corrections to amendments made in the last Response to Office Action as requested in the Office Action dated December 3, 2001. The Office Action states that there are errors in the numbering of the claims (e.g. 11 and 12). However, while claim 11 is amended to depend from a later claim, it is believed that the claims are not themselves incorrectly numbered. The other typographical errors have been corrected as requested in the Office Action.

I. 35 U.S.C. § 102, Anticipation

The Office Action rejects claims 1-6, 8-21, and 23-31 under 35 U.S.C. § 102 as being anticipated by Hyde-Thomson (US Patent No. 5,557,659). This rejection is respectfully traversed.

With respect to claims 1 and 16, the Office Action states:

As to claims 1, 16, with respect to Figure 17, **Hyde-Thomson** teaches a method in a data processing system for processing voice messages, the method comprising the data processing system implemented steps of:

recording a voice message (Col. 17, lines 10-17);

responsive to recording of the voice message, automatically inserting an attachment (an indicator) into a text message indicating a presence of a voice message (Col. 17, lines 19-28);

responsive to recording the voice message, automatically appending the voice message to the text message to form an appended voice message (Col. 17, lines 19-28); and

sending the text message with the appended voice message (Col. 17, lines 25-28).

Office Action, dated 08 May 2001. Applicant respectfully disagrees. Hyde-Thomson teaches an electronic mail system having integrated voice messages wherein voice messages are recorded and stored on a file server. See col. 3, lines 35-53. The cited portion of the reference states:

In order to send a voice message to another user, the PC user would select the Record button 1704. For example,

this would send a command to the voice gateway causing it to use a telephone line to call the extension number 24. When the user answers, he can use the tape recorder controls to start and stop recording and to playback what he has already recorded. As for play, these functions are implemented via commands from the PC via the LAN to the gateway and correspond to the prior art voice messaging functions used from a telephone and are similarly implemented. When the user is finished recording and wishes to send the message, he selects button 1705 (i.e., Mail). This uses the MAPISendDocuments or SMISendMail subroutine from MAPI or VIM to launch the E-mail application which will allow the user to address and send the message using the E-mail address collection screen. The recorded .vox voice file name is passed to the E-mail system to be sent as an attachment to the E-mail message.

Col. 17, lines 10-27. Applicant assumes that the claimed step of "automatically inserting an indicator into a text message indicating a presence of a voice message" is being interpreted to read on the attachment file name. However, Hyde-Thomson teaches that the user records a voice message using a conventional telephone, such as telephones 101A, 101B, and 101C, and that the voice message is stored on file server 106. In Hyde-Thomson, the personal computers 107, 108, 109 are used to control the recording of the voice message; however, the voice message is not actually recorded by the personal computer. Therefore, the voice message is never stored on the personal computer and the e-mail client cannot appending the voice message to the text message to form an appended voice message.

In contradistinction, claim 1 recites:

1. (Unchanged) A method in a data processing system for processing voice messages, the method comprising the data processing system implemented steps of:

recording a voice message;

responsive to recording of the voice message, automatically inserting an indicator into a text message indicating a presence of a voice message;

responsive to recording the voice message, automatically appending the voice message to the text message to form an appended voice message; and

sending the text message with the appended voice message.

a voice message. However, Hyde-Thomson does not teach inserting a text string within the body of the text message, as recited in claims 32 and 33. The reference fails to teach each and every claim limitation. Therefore, claims 32 and 33 are not anticipated by Hyde-Thomson.

Furthermore, Hyde-Thomson does not teach, suggest, or give any incentive to make the needed changes to reach the presently claimed invention. Absent the Office Action pointing out some teaching or incentive to modify Hyde-Thomson to append the voice message to the text message and to manage first and second custom message types, one of ordinary skill in the art would not be led to modify Hyde-Thomson to reach the present invention when the reference is examined as a whole. Absent some teaching, suggestion, or incentive to modify Hyde-Thomson in this manner, the presently claimed invention can be reached only through an improper use of hindsight using the applicants' disclosure as a template to make the necessary changes to reach the claimed invention.

II. 35 U.S.C. § 103, Obviousness

The Office Action rejects claims 7 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Hyde-Thomson in view of Pepe et al. (US Patent No. 5,742,905). This rejection is respectfully traversed. Claims 7 and 22 are allowable at least because they depend upon allowable claims 1 and 16, respectively. As stated above, Hyde-Thomson fails to teach or fairly suggest automatically appending the voice message to the text message to form an appended voice message. Pepe et al. is relied upon to teach a personal digital assistant (PDA). Thus, Pepe et al. does not make up for the deficiencies of Hyde-Thomson and the rejection of claims 7 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. § 103 is overcome for the reasons stated above with respect to claims 1 and 16.

III. Conclusion

It is respectfully urged that the subject application is patentable over Hyde-Thomson and Pepe et al. and is now in condition for allowance.

The examiner is invited to call the undersigned at the below-listed telephone number if in the opinion of the examiner such a telephone conference would expedite or aid the prosecution and examination of this application.

DATE: 4 March 2007

Respectfully submitted,

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APPENDIX

Marked-up Copy of the Amended Claims

Please cancel claims 8, 9, 23 and 24 without prejudice.

Please amend claims 10-14, 25-28, and 31 as follows:

10. (Amended) A method in a computer for receiving [a voice message] messages, the method comprising:

receiving a <u>first</u> text message <u>including a first custom message of a first type;</u>
parsing the <u>first</u> text message for an identifying string identifying a presence of a

[voice] <u>custom</u> message associated with the <u>first</u> text message; [and]

responsive to the presence of the identifying string and responsive to selection of the text message, [displaying the text message as a voice] identifying the first type and presenting first controls to access the first custom message [in a message list];

receiving a second text message including a second custom message of a second type;

parsing the second text message for an identifying string identifying a presence of a custom message; and

responsive to a presence of an identifying string in the second message, identifying the second type and presenting second controls to access the second custom message.

- 11. (Amended) The method of claim [10] 12 [further comprising: responsive to a presence of the identifying string, displaying] wherein the first controls comprise controls for presenting the voice message.
- 12. (Amended) The method of claim 10, wherein the [text] <u>first custom</u> message is [an electronic mail] <u>a voice</u> message <u>and the second custom message</u> is a stock trade.
- 13. (Amended) The method of claim [11] 12, wherein the <u>first</u> controls include a play control, a rewind control, and a fast forward control.

. 14. (Amended) A messaging system for use in a data processing system, the messaging system comprising:

a graphical user interface, wherein the graphical user interface provides selections for user input to create and send voice messages; and

a message processing mechanism, wherein the message processing mechanism has a plurality of modes of operation including:

a first mode of operation in which the message processing mechanism waits for a user input;

a second mode of operation, responsive to a user input in the first mode of operation to record a voice message, in which the message processing mechanism stores voice data in a file;

a third mode of operation, responsive to a user input in the first mode of operation to select a recipient for the voice message, <u>in which</u> the message processing mechanism receives a selection of a recipient for the voice message; and

a fourth mode of operation, responsive to a user input in the first mode of operation to send the voice message and to a presence of a recipient for the voice message, in which the message processing mechanism creates a text message, inserts [a] an identifying string, [identifying] identifies a presence of the voice message in the text message, appends the file to the text message, and sends the text message to the recipient.

25. (Amended) A data processing system for receiving [a voice message] messages, the data processing system comprising:

<u>first</u> receiving means for receiving a <u>first</u> text message <u>including a first custom</u> message of a first type;

<u>first</u> parsing means for parsing the <u>first</u> text message for an identifying string identifying a presence of a [voice] <u>custom</u> message associated with the <u>first</u> text message; [and]

first displaying means, responsive to the presence of [the] an identifying string in the first text message, for [displaying the text message as a voice] identifying the first type and presenting first controls to access the first custom message [in a message list];

second receiving means for receiving a second text message including a second custom message of a second type;

second parsing means for parsing the second text message for an identifying string identifying a presence of a custom message; and

second interface means, responsive to a presence of an identifying string in the second message, for identifying the second type and presenting second controls to access the second custom message.

- 26. (Amended) The data processing system of claim [25] 27 [further comprising: displaying means, responsive to a presence of the identifying string, for displaying] wherein the first controls comprise controls for presenting the voice message.
- 27. (Amended) The data processing system of claim 25, wherein the [text] <u>first custom</u> message is [an electronic mail] <u>a voice</u> message <u>and the second custom message is a stock trade</u>.
- 28. (Amended) The data processing system of claim [26] <u>27</u>, wherein the <u>first</u> controls include a play control, a rewind control, and a fast forward control.
- 31. (Amended) A computer program product in a computer readable medium for [sending] receiving voice messages, the computer program product comprising:

first instructions for [creating] receiving a voice message including a first custom message of a first type;

second instructions[, responsive to creating the voice message,] for [automatically inserting] <u>parsing the first text message for</u> an identifying string [into a text message] identifying a presence of [the voice] <u>a custom</u> message;

third instructions, responsive to [creating a voice message] a presence of an identifying string in the first text message, for [automatically appending] identifying the first type and presenting first controls to access the [voice message to the text] first custom message;

fourth instructions for receiving a second text message including a second custom message of a second type;

fifth instructions for parsing the second text message for an identifying string identifying a presence of a custom message; and

sixth instructions for responsive to a presence of an identifying string in the second message, identifying the second type and presenting second controls to access the second custom message.

Please add the following new claims:

- --32. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of automatically inserting an indicator into a text message comprises inserting the indicator into a body of the text message.
- 33. (New) The data processing system of claim 16, wherein the inserting means comprises means for inserting the indicator into a body of the text message.--